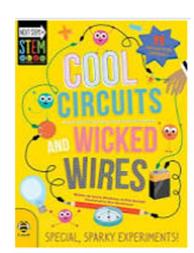
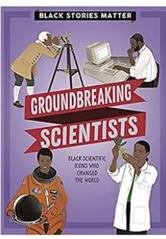
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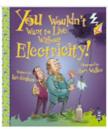












How are you working Scientifically?

Set up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests Make systematic and careful observations Gather, record, classify and present data in a variety of ways

Record findings using simple scientific language, drawings,

labelled diagrams, keys, bar Charts, and tables

Report on findings from enquiries

Use results to draw simple conclusions

Identify differences, similarities or Changes related to simple scientific ideas and processes

Pre existing knowledge

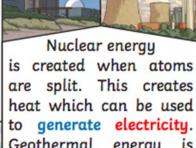
- Electricity is a form of energy that can be carried by wires and is used for heating and lighting, and to provide power for devices.
- Sources of light and sound may need electricity to work.

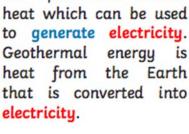
Lightning and static **electricity** are examples of **electricity** occurring naturally but for us to use **electricity** to power **appliances**, we need to make it.

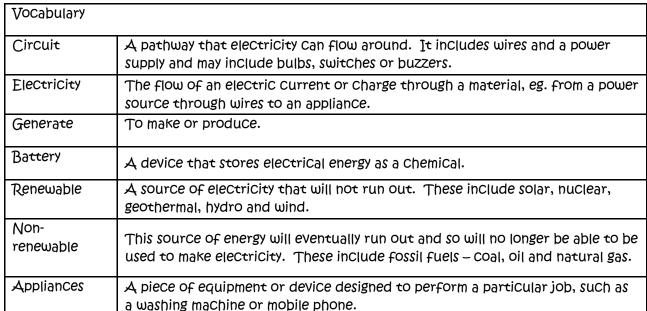


Coal, oil
and natural gases are
fossil fuels which, when
burnt, produce heat
which can be used to
generate electricity.

Electricity can be generated from wind power used to turn windmills and hydroelectric power from water used in dams. The Sun's rays can be converted into electricity by solar panels.







What are electrical conductors and insulators?

Objects that are made from materials that allow electricity to pass through create a complete circuit and are called **electrical conductors**.

Objects that are made from materials that do not allow electricity to pass through and do not complete a circuit are called **electrical insulators**.



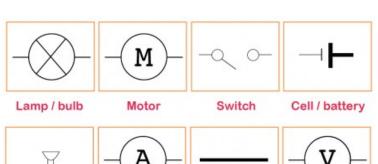
A complete
circuit is a loop
that allows
electrical current
to flow through
wires.

Buzzer

A circuit contains a battery (cell), wires and an appliance that requires electricity to work (such as a bulb, motor or buzzer).

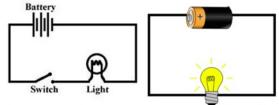
The electrical current flows through the wires from the battery to the bulb, motor or buzzer.

A switch can break or reconnect a circuit.



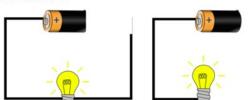
Ammeter

Wire

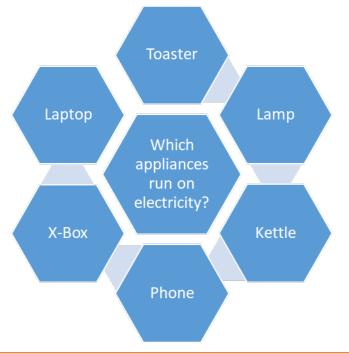


These are complete circuits - they have a battery (cell) and a component (bulb).

The wires are placed in the right places of the **battery** for the **circuit** to work.



These circuits will not work as they are incomplete.



Voltmeter