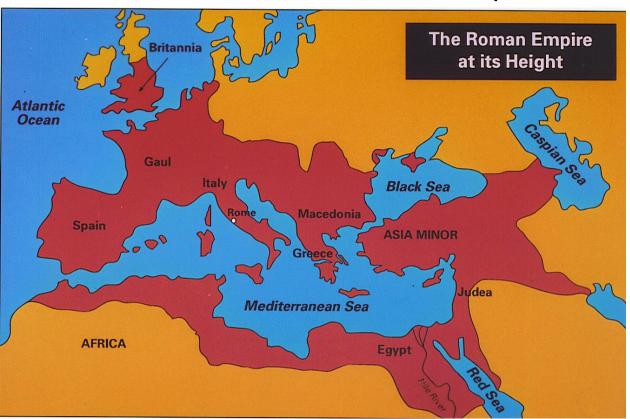
## Year 4

# The Romans 7-Q-AMDES



### Where am I in History?

What Came before?	What comes next?

Key words				

#### Skills covered this half term:

- Research what it was like for children in a given period of history and present my findings to an audience.
- Plot events on a timeline using centuries.
- Round up time differences into centuries and decades.
- Explain some of the times when Britain has been invaded.

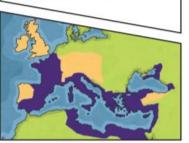
The Romans built elaborately designed Roman baths where people would go to relax and socialise. Some of these impressive

The Romans were famous for building long, straight roads to transport legions, supplies, trading goods and messages from the Emperor. You can still see some Roman roads today, 2000 years after they had been

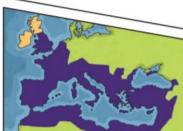
Early in Roman times many people believed in different gods and goddesses whom they believed control things like time, love and the seas.



Map showing the Roman Empire in 44 BC

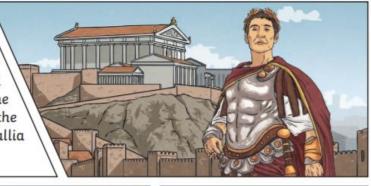


Map showing the Roman Empire in AD 305

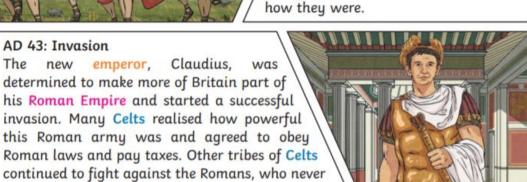


55 BC: The First Raid Julius Caesar wanted to extend his Roman Empire so he attempted to invade Britain but the Celts fought back and the Romans returned to Gallia (modern-day France).

AD 43: Invasion



54 BC: The Second Raid Julius Caesar tried to take over Britain again. This time, he took bigger and stronger legions and had some success. Some British tribes were forced to pay tributes (luxury items, such as gold, slaves or soldiers) in order to carry on living how they were.







AD 122: Hadrian's Wall The Caledonian tribes fought battles against the Romans who had tried to take their land. The Romans wanted a way to separate their land from the Picts so the Roman emperor, Hadrian, ordered a wall to be built to protect the Romans' land. The wall was 117km long with castles, guarded turrets, major forts, barracks, bathhouses and even hospitals.



#### AD 60: Boudicca's Rebellion

The Romans decided that the Iceni tribe needed to start paying taxes but Queen Boudicca, the ruler of the tribe, refused to let this happen and formed an army to fight the Romans. Thousands of people died in these battles but the Romans



I = 1
V = 5 five
X = 10
L = 50
C = 100 Century

#### Key Vocabulary

The new emperor, Claudius, was determined to make more of Britain part of his Roman Empire and started a successful

gained full control of Britain.

Celts	People living in Britain	
Conquer	When a country or group takes control over land and	
	people	
Emperor	A man who rues an Empire	
Fort	A strong building with a wall or fence around it to	
	keep safe from enemies	
Invade	To enter another country by force with an army	
Legion	A large group of soldiers who form one part of an	
	army	
Legionary	A soldier who belongs to a legion	
Romans	Citizens of the Roman Empire	
Rome	Capital of the Roman Empire	
Tribe	A group of people who share language, location and	
	Customs	



